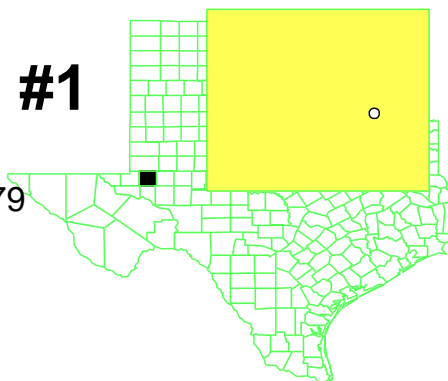


# ODESSA CHROMIUM #1 TEXAS

EPA ID# TXD980867279  
Site ID: 0602943



**EPA REGION 6**  
**CONGRESSIONAL**  
**DISTRICT 19**  
Ector County  
Odessa

Updated: April 25, 2005

## Site Description

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- Location:**
- The site is located in the vicinity of 44th St. and Brazos Ave., Odessa, Ector County, Texas.
- Population:**
- Approximately 3500 persons live outside the city limits within one mile of the site.
- Setting:**
- The nearest residence is within the site boundaries.
  - The nearest drinking water well is also on-site.
  - Approximately 200 water wells are within 1/2-mile of the site.
  - A municipal water well is within 1,250 feet of the site.
  - The sources of site contamination are within a 10-acre industrial area.
- Hydrology:**
- The estimated surface projection of the ground water plume is more than 20 acres.
  - The Trinity-Edwards aquifer is sandstone and conglomerate rock, overlaid by 20 ft-60 ft. of soil and caliche (hard-pan).
  - The aquifer itself is 60'-100' thick and underlaid by redbed clays.
  - The depth to ground water at the site is 75 feet.

## Wastes and Volumes

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- The principal pollutant found during the Remedial Investigation is hexavalent chromium ranging to 72 parts per million (ppm) in ground water.
- The volume of ground water treated is 191 million gallon as of 8/31/01.

## Site Assessment and Ranking

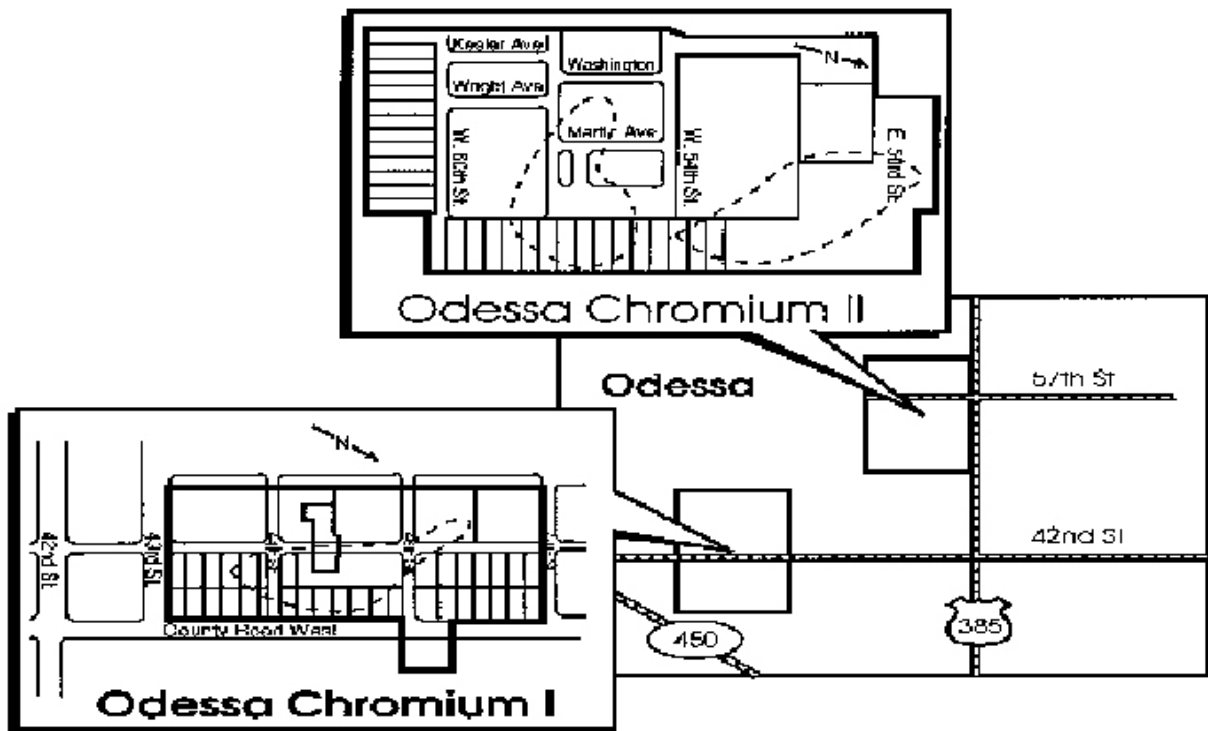
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### NPL LISTING HISTORY

Site HRS Score: 42.24  
Proposed Date: 10/15/84  
Final Date: 5/20/86  
NPL Update: No. 2

## Site Map and Diagram

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## The Remediation Process

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### Site History:

- Contamination resulted from chrome plating operations from the late 1960s - 1970s.
- Site remediation has been addressed in two phases by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) (formerly Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission)(TNRCC) and previously known as Texas Water Commission (TWC)).
- The first phase, or operable unit, dealt with development of an alternate water supply (AWS) for area residents and businesses.
- The second phase addressed the source and remediation of the chromium in the ground water.
- The Remedial Investigations and Feasibility Studies (RI/FS) for the two phases were completed in September 1986 (AWS) and March 1988 (Source/Ground Water).

### Health Considerations:

- More than a 20-acre portion of the area's sole source aquifer (Trinity) was contaminated.
- Ground water contamination has been documented in 16 of 200 existing wells sampled.
- 5 of 14 monitoring wells contained detectable levels of chromium.
- The affected wells are outside of the city water supply service area.

## Record of Decision

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Signed: September 8, 1986 (Alternate Water Supply)  
Signed: March 18, 1988 (Source Control/Ground Water)

### Alternate Water Supply Phase (AWS):

- For this phase, the Record of Decision (ROD) calls for an extension of the existing municipal water supply system to those persons residing within the impacted area.

### Source Control/Ground Water:

- This ROD selected extraction and electrochemical treatment of contaminated ground water from the Trinity Aquifer.

| <u>Other Remedies Considered</u>                         | <u>Reason Not Chosen</u>   |
|--|--|
| <hr/> <b>-----Alternate Water Supply-----</b> <hr/>      |  |
| 1. "No Action"   | Did not meet remedial objectives;<br>not protective of human health and the<br>environment |
| 2. Development of surface water supply                   | High monthly water bills for users, Water<br>Association must be formed                    |
| 3. Removal via treatment                                 | Stringent operational review required<br>to ensure contaminants are properly<br>removed    |
| 4. Development of new well field                         | Long term supply of water questionable   |
| <hr/> <b>-----Source Control/Ground Water-----</b> <hr/> |  |
| 1. "No Action"   | Did not meet remedial objectives; not<br>protective of human health or the<br>environment  |
| 2. Containment Wall                                      | Difficult to implement; high cost to users   |
| 3. Ion Exchange  | System will generate a hazardous sludge  |
| 4. Chemical Treatment                                    | Treatment may increase Total Dissolved<br>Solids(TDS) of the ground water                  |

## Community Involvement

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- Community Involvement Plan: Developed 6/85, revised 9/89, and again in 12/92.
- Open houses and workshops: 4/86, 12/87, 9/89, 1/91
- Proposed Plan Fact Sheet and Public Meeting: 7/86 (AWS), 1/88 (Source/Ground Water)
- ROD Fact Sheet: 9/86 (AWS), 3/88 (Source/Ground Water)
- Milestone Fact Sheets: 1/85, 8/85, 12/87, 3/90, 9/90 (TWC), 12/90 (TWC), 1/91 (TWC), 2/94 (TWC)
- Citizens on mailing list: 33
- Constituency Interest: Low to moderate concerns regarding site after alternate water supply was brought on-line.
- Site Repositories: (1) Ector County Library, 321 West Fifth Street, Odessa, TX 79761; Permian Basin Regional Planning Commission, 2910 Laforce Blvd., Odessa, Tx.

(2) EPA's Region 6, files in Dallas, Texas; Please call first,  
Contact 1(800) 887-6063 for file viewing information and hours open  
or written request through Freedom of Information Act (FOIA),  
FOIA Officer, Jerva Duram:  
1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Tx. 75202  
(3) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), files in Austin,  
Texas:  
Contact: Telephone (512) 239-2920 for file viewing information and hours  
open;  
Address: TCEQ -Records  
(Mail Code 199) , Building D,  
P.O. Box 13087  
Austin, Texas 78711

## Technical Assistance Grant

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- Availability Notice: 4/11/89
- Letters of Intent Received: Gerald Fugit, Chrom Sites, Inc. - 12/20/90
- Draft Application Received: 4/10/91
- Grant Award: None - application denied
- Current Status: No TAG in process.

## Contacts

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- **Remedial Project Manager (EPA):** Ernest Franke, PE, RPLS, 214-665-8521, Mail Code: 6SF-AP
- **State Project Manager (TCEQ):** Alvie Nichols, 512/239-2439; E-Mail: avichols@tceq.state.tx.us
- **Community Involvement (EPA):** Ernest Franke PE, 214-665-8521, Mail Code: 6SF-AP
- **Attorney (EPA):** Anne Foster, 214-665-2169, Mail Code: 6RC-S
- **Regional Public Liaison (EPA):** Arnold Ondarza , 303-312-6777
- **State Coordinator (EPA):** Karen Bond , 214-665-6682, Mail Code: 6SF- AP
- **Prime Contractor: For TCEQ;** SHAW -Jack M. Renolds, P.G. Project Manager, 432-520-6045 Texas
- **Engineer:** SHAW-E&I - Jimmy Gibson, PE

## Present Status and Issues

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- The provision of an alternate water supply eliminated the potential for exposure to contaminants at the Odessa Chromium #1 site while final groundwater cleanup activities proceed.
- A ground water pump and treat system is operating in conjunction with ferrous sulfate treatment to remove chromium contamination from the aquifer.
- A Explanation of Significant Differences(ESD) for the Record of Decision has been signed/approved by EPA on 10/25/99 to add in-situ treatment to the ROD to enhance site remediation.
- Ferrous Sulfate in-situ treatment was conducted at the site and has achieved remediation goals in four (**bold and underlined**) of the eight (**RW-1, 2, 3, 4, 5**, 6, 102, & 106) Trinity Aquifer recovery wells.
- The State of Texas, TCEQ and its Contractor Shaw are evaluating options to achieve Site remedial goals.
- The State of Texas, TCEQ, and its Contractor Shaw conducted sampling and analysis on site wells in March 2003 for both tri and hex-valence chromium. Upon receipt of analytical results further enhancement action will be evaluated.
- The State of Texas, TCEQ, under its contractor in-situ treating with Metals Remediation Compounds (MRC) application December 10<sup>th</sup> to 25<sup>th</sup>, 2003.
- Long Term Pump And Treat ( LTRA) ended December 25, 2003.
- The State of Texas, TCEQ, has taken over site O&M Activities on December 26, 2003.
- May 2004 Re-Treatment of well RW-6 with MRC

- June 4 to June 14, 2004 decommissioning of the Odessa Chromium #1 treatment plant.
- The State of Texas, TCEQ, and its Contractor Shaw and its contractor are scheduled to in-situ treat with Metals Remediation Compounds (MRC) the five site wells above the MCL in May 2005.

## **Benefits**

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- A safe alternate drinking water supply has been provided for approximately 3,500 people living in the site area.
- The remedy has treated over 246 million gallons of contaminated ground water from the Trinity aquifer of the Odessa area.